



**SARADA KRISHNA
HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE**
Kulasekharam, Kanniyakumari Dist., Tamil Nadu - 629 161
(Accredited by NAAC with B+ Grade & NABH),
October 2025 Sub code: Hom- PG-FHRCT

DOCTOR OF MEDICINE (M.D) HOMOEOPATHY

Formative Internal Assessment Examination

(Regulation- 2024)

Part-I, Paper I-Term I

Q.P. Code: Hom-PG-FHRCT-05

FUNDAMENTALS OF CAE TAKING AND REPERTORY

Time – 3 hours (180 min)

Maximum:100 marks

Answer all Questions in the same order

I. Problem-Based Question

(1 × 20 = 20 Marks)

1. A 45-year-old male patient presents with complaints of episodic breathlessness, dry cough worse at night, and general weakness. He has a past history of frequent allergic rhinitis and a family history of bronchial asthma. On physical examination, wheezing is noted with mild tachypnea. He is anxious about his health and fears dying during attacks.
 - a. Discuss your approach to case taking in this case.
 - b. Identify and evaluate the symptoms from homoeopathic perspectives.
 - c. Organize the data for arriving the clinical diagnosis.
 - d. Outline a totality of symptoms.
 - e. Mention possible repertorial approach and justification of remedy selection.

II. Long Answer Questions

(4 × 10 = 40 Marks)

1. Define case taking. Explain the art of case taking in chronic non-communicable diseases with examples.
2. Enumerate various types of symptoms. Discuss in detail the evaluation of symptoms as per Kent and Boenninghausen.
3. Describe the steps involved in case analysis. How do you differentiate cases based on their miasmatic nature?
4. How would you perform case taking in an epidemic situation? Discuss its peculiarities and significance with reference to homoeopathic management.

III. Short Answer Questions

(8 × 5 = 40 Marks)

1. Define symptom analysis and explain its role in forming totality.
2. Differentiate between acute and chronic cases with examples.
3. How will you classify the level of disease in the health-disease paradigm?
4. Write short notes on non-verbal expressions in case taking and their relevance.
5. Explain the process of case analysis in terms of mental vs physical case categorization.
6. Discuss the importance of dietary and regimenal advice in patient care.
7. What are the different types of mental diseases as classified under case analysis?
8. How would you organize data to derive a differential diagnosis and provisional diagnosis?